Financial statements of St. Francis Xavier University

March 31, 2025

Independent Auditor's Report	1-2
Statement of financial position	3
Statement of operations	4
Statement of cash flows	5
Statement of changes in fund balances	6
Notes to the financial statements 7-	-15
Supplementary information	
Schedule 1 – Revenue	16
Schedule 2 – Expenditure 17-	-18
Schedule 3 - Coady Institute - Statement of revenue and expenditure	19
Schedule 4 – Ancillary enterprises - Statement of revenue and expenditure	20
Schedule 5 – Development program (Note 8) - Statement of fund receipts and disposition	21



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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Governors St. Francis Xavier University

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of St. Francis Xavier University (the "University"), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2025, and the statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University as at March 31, 2025, and its results of operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards ("Canadian GAAS"). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the University in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the University's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the University or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the University's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian GAAS, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting
 a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the University's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the University to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Deloitte LLP

June 20, 2025

		2025	2024
	Notes	\$	\$
Assets			
Cash		3,480,854	3,961,058
Short-term investments		38,970,366	43,902,711
Accounts receivable	3, 15	15,075,653	14,398,871
Inventories and other assets	-,	2,197,268	2,072,025
inventories and other assets		59,724,141	64,334,665
		33,724,141	07,337,003
Accrued pension benefit asset	6	5,979,700	4,940,900
Investments	4	228,057,521	208,816,528
Tangible capital assets	5	243,727,935	246,971,278
rangible capital assets	5		
		537,489,297	525,063,371
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accruals	15	16,120,342	24,032,021
· ·			
Current portion of long-term debt	10	6,433,122	6,274,361
Deferred revenue		7,530,746	7,082,352
		30,084,210	37,388,734
Other employee future benefits	7	7,589,729	6,968,147
Deferred revenue other - restricted		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	11	37,293,355	37,561,932
Deferred revenue capital - restricted	11	181,890,251	181,028,536
Long-term debt	10	62,655,165	69,088,286
		319,512,710	332,035,635
Not soote			
Net assets			100 007 753
Fund balances		217,976,587	193,027,736
		537,489,297	525,063,371

	Schedules & Notes	Operating fund \$	Restricted fund \$	Capital fund \$	2025 Total funds \$	2024 Total funds \$
Revenue	Schedule 1					
Tuition and fees	Scriedule 1	54,496,205			54,496,205	53,233,310
Government grants		41,483,546			41,483,546	40,402,297
Endowment and other		18,487,305	1,439,881		19,927,186	17,416,220
Sponsored research funds		_0, .02,000	10,624,332		10,624,332	10,826,968
Coady Institute	Schedule 3	8,341,200	,,		8,341,200	7,476,343
Ancillary enterprises	Schedule 4	29,425,531			29,425,531	28,005,875
Gain on disposal of tangible capital assets				920,482	920,482	15,403
Amortization of deferred revenue				7,354,545	7,354,545	6,235,953
		152,233,787	12,064,213	8,275,027	172,573,027	163,612,369
Instruction and non-sponsored research Information technology services Library Student services Advancement Administration and general Facilities management Sponsored research Other Coady Institute Ancillary enterprises Amortization of tangible capital assets	Schedule 2 Schedule 3 Schedule 4	60,079,948 5,015,608 3,273,088 15,407,624 4,157,711 5,289,420 11,307,907 2,632,679 8,495,325 27,084,590	680,602 673,642 10,624,332 85,637	222,485	60,760,550 5,015,608 3,273,088 16,081,266 4,157,711 5,289,420 11,307,907 10,624,332 2,940,801 8,495,325 27,084,590 14,015,567	59,428,686 4,928,815 3,025,898 14,888,768 3,970,075 5,222,272 11,675,408 10,826,968 5,032,106 7,471,968 26,840,881 12,361,746
	•	142,743,900	12,064,213	14,238,052	169,046,165	165,673,591
Surplus (deficit)		9,489,887	_	(5,963,025)	3,526,862	(2,061,222)

Statement of cash flows Year ended March 31, 2025

	Schedules & Notes	2025 \$	2024 \$
Operating activities Surplus (deficit) Amortization of tangible capital assets Amortization of deferred revenue Change in other employee future benefits Change in accrued pension benefit asset Pension remeasurement and settlement Net change in deferred revenue other - restricted Net change in non-cash working capital	11 14	3,526,862 14,015,567 (7,354,545) 621,582 (1,038,800) 840,400 (268,577) (8,265,310) 2,077,179	(2,061,222) 12,361,746 (6,235,953) 1,139,800 (2,769,100) 1,458,900 (6,494,522) 5,771,078 3,170,727
Investing activities Tangible capital asset acquisitions, net of disposals Investment disposals Investment acquisitions		(10,772,224) 11,242,658 (13,631,976) (13,161,542)	(22,767,613) 9,770,730 (19,136,116) (32,132,999)
Financing activities Donations for investments acquisitions Change in deferred revenue capital - restricted Repayments of long-term debt	Schedule 5	3,729,914 8,216,260 (6,274,360) 5,671,814	9,377,645 22,747,930 (5,803,560) 26,322,015
Net cash outflow Cash, beginning of year Cash, end of year		(5,412,549) 47,863,769 42,451,220	(2,640,257) 50,504,026 47,863,769
Cash is comprised of Cash Short-term investments		3,480,854 38,970,366 42,451,220	3,961,058 43,902,711 47,863,769

St. Francis Xavier University

Statement of changes in fund balances Year ended March 31, 2025

	Schedules & Notes	Operating fund \$	Capital fund \$	Endowment fund \$	2025 Total funds balance \$	2024 Total funds balance \$
Balance, beginning of year		(16,421,870)	2,264,762	207,184,844	193,027,736	168,984,758
Transactions during the year		(=0, ==,0:0)	_, ,,,	_0,7_0,7_0		200/30 1/700
Bequests and donations		_	_	3,729,914	3,729,914	9,377,645
Unendowed funds		_	_	(487,573)	(487,573)	(10,208)
Reinvested earnings		_	_	252,547	252,547	1,030,273
Dividends and interest income			_	6,355,874	6,355,874	5,982,343
Realized gains		_	_	10,357,696	10,357,696	8,415,131
Unrealized gains		_	_	11,128,216	11,128,216	9,610,638
Withdrawals and management expense		_	_	(10,755,085)	(10,755,085)	(9,760,522)
Pension remeasurement	6 and 7	840,400	_	_	840,400	1,458,900
Surplus (Deficit)		9,489,887	(5,963,025)	_	3,526,862	(2,061,222)
Transfer from operating to cover capital		(5,963,025)	5,963,025	_	_	
Balance, end of year		(12,054,608)	2,264,762	227,766,433	217,976,587	193,027,736

1. Description

St. Francis Xavier University (the "University" or "St. F.X.") was established in 1853. The University has all the powers, rights and privileges ordinarily enjoyed or exercised by universities, including the powers conferred by Chapter 29 of the Acts of Nova Scotia, 2014, and legal amendments since, entitled "St. Francis Xavier University Act".

St. F.X. is primarily an undergraduate institution of approximately 4,000 full-time and 1,100 part-time students located in Antigonish, a northeastern Nova Scotia community. The University offers major, advanced major and honors programs through departments in its Faculties of Arts, Science, Business and Education. Approximately 50% of the student body is from Nova Scotia, and the remainder is welcomed from other Canadian provinces and from countries around the world.

The University is a not-for-profit organization and, as such, is exempt from income taxes under the Income Tax Act (Canada).

2. Significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the University are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO") in Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook applied within the framework of the accounting policies summarized below.

Fund accounting and revenue recognition

The University maintains its accounts in accordance with the fund accounting method. This method observes limitations, if any, on the use of University resources by maintaining separate accounts for each fund. Fund accounts are further classified as either unrestricted or restricted funds.

The unrestricted Operating Fund accounts include those resources over which the University's Board of Governors has sole authority and which are expendable for any purposes in the fulfilment of the University's objectives.

The restricted funds, consisting of the Research Fund, Capital Fund and Endowment Fund, account for those resources made available to the University by outside organizations and individuals, by way of grants, service contracts or gifts. These resources, although expendable in the course of normal operations, are restricted as to use by the outside party. These restricted funds also include expendable amounts restricted as to use by action of the University's Board of Governors.

The University uses the deferral method of accounting for revenue with the multi-column format. The method includes deferring restricted revenues to future accounting periods and recognizing in the period that the related expenditure is incurred. Contributions for capital purchases are deferred and recognized as revenue on the same basis as the acquired capital asset is amortized.

Endowment contributions are recognized directly in net assets.

Pledged contributions are recorded when received.

Student academic fees and ancillary revenue are recognized when the services are provided or the goods are sold and collection is reasonably assured. The University recognizes unrestricted revenue when persuasive evidence of an arrangement exists, delivery has occurred, the price to the buyer is fixed or determinable and collection is reasonably assured.

Cash

Cash includes cash on hand, cash on deposit with financial institutions and amounts drawn on the University's lines of credit. Use of the University's bank loans are considered to be financing activities on the statement of cash flows.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Short-term investments

Short-term investments consist of Guaranteed Investment Certificates issued by Canadian chartered banks with terms to maturity of less than one year.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded at the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventory is determined using the weighted average method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Tangible capital assets

Purchased tangible capital assets including collections are recorded at cost. Contributions of capital assets and collection items are capitalized at their fair value at the date of contribution. Tangible capital assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over their useful lives as follows:

	Years
Buildings	40
Building renovations and betterments	10-20
Equipment and furnishings	5-10
Library books	10
Motor vehicles	3.5
Paving	8
Asset under capital lease	5

Impairment of long-lived assets

Long-lived assets are tested for recoverability whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that their carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognized when their carrying value exceeds the total undiscounted cash flows expected from their use and eventual disposition. The amount of the impairment loss is determined as the excess of the carrying value of the asset over its fair value.

Pension plans

The University recognizes defined benefit obligations as employees render services giving them the right to earn the pension benefit. The defined benefit obligation at the statement of financial position date is determined using the most recent actuarial valuation report prepared for funding purposes.

The University recognizes in its statement of financial position the defined benefit obligation less the fair value of the plan assets, adjusted for any valuation allowance in the case of a net defined benefit asset. The plan cost for the year is recognized in the Operating Fund in the statement of operations.

Re-measurements and other items are recognized in the statement of changes in fund balances in the year in which they occur.

2. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Other employee future benefits

The cost of employee future benefits, other than pension, earned by employees is determined using the most recent actuarial valuation report prepared for accounting purposes as at the date of the statement of financial position.

The University recognizes in the statement of financial position, the defined benefit obligation adjusted for re-measurement and other items.

Re-measurements and other items are recognized in the statement of changes in fund balances in the year in which they occur.

Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported assets and liabilities and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses for the period then ended. Significant estimates used in these financial statements include allowance for doubtful accounts, useful lives for the amortization of tangible capital assets, deferred revenue, the fair value of investments and the valuation of obligations for pension plans, other employee future benefits and certain accruals. Actual results could materially differ from those estimates.

Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost, with the exception of short-term investments and investments which are measured at fair value.

Transaction costs related to financial instruments that will be subsequently measured at fair value are recognized in net income in the period incurred. Transaction costs related to financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost are included in the original cost of the asset or liability and recognized in net income over the life of the instrument using the straight-line method.

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the University determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there is an indication of impairment, and the University determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing of amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in net income. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in net income.

Hedge accounting

Certain derivative financial instruments held by the University are eligible for hedge accounting. To be eligible for hedge accounting, an instrument has to meet generally accepted criteria with respect to identification, designation, documentation and effectiveness of the hedging relationship. In the event that the interest rate swap agreement is terminated or ceases to be effective in part or in whole prior to maturity of debt any associated realized or unrealized gain or loss is recognized in deficit or surplus. In the event that the designated debt is extinguished or matures prior to the termination of the related interest rate swap agreement any realized or unrealized gain or loss is recognized in deficit or surplus.

3. Accounts receivable

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Accounts receivable - students Accounts receivable - general (Note 15) Accounts receivable - restricted Allowance for doubtful accounts - students	1,399,968 11,996,274 1,879,410 (200,000) 15,075,653	1,795,376 10,116,421 2,787,074 (300,000) 14,398,871

4. Investments

Pooled funds, market value - Endowment Fund, restricted Pooled funds, market value - Endowment Fund, unrestricted

2025 \$	2024 \$
224,373,530	205,538,570
3,683,991	3,277,958
228,057,521	208,816,528

5. Tangible capital assets

	Cost \$	Accumulated amortization \$	2025 Net book value \$	2024 Net book value \$
Land Buildings Equipment	4,376,979 397,405,730	_ 173,934,937	4,376,979 223,470,793	4,376,979 226,444,079
and furnishings Equipment under	55,443,516	39,988,840	15,454,676	15,729,893
capital lease	421,713	421,713	_	_
Library books	5,212,779	5,012,369	200,410	218,477
Motor vehicles	966,994	741,917	225,077	201,850
	463,827,711	220,099,776	243,727,935	246,971,278

6. Pension plans

The University maintains one defined benefit pension plan and one defined contribution plan for its employees.

The most recent actuarial valuation of the defined benefit pension plan for funding purposes was as of December 31, 2022. The next required valuation for the pension plan will be as of December 31, 2025.

The accrued benefit obligation as at March 31, 2025 was measured by extending the measurement period by 39 months from the most recent December 31, 2022 funding valuation.

It is the policy of the University to ensure the defined benefit plan is funded in compliance with all legislative and regulatory requirements per the Superintendent of Pensions.

6. Pension plans (continued)

Information about the defined benefit plan is as follows:

Fair value of plan assets
Accrued benefit obligation
Valuation allowance
Accrued pension benefit asset

2025 \$	2024 \$
33,726,100	31,768,400
27,680,900	26,827,500
(65,500)	_
5,979,700	4,940,900

The University recorded a re-measurement gain of \$1,003,900 (gain of \$2,617,100 in 2024) relating to the defined benefit plan in the Statement of changes in fund balances.

Employer and employee contributions to the defined benefit plan were \$305,187 (\$382,324 in 2024) and \$234,311 (\$226,324 in 2024) respectively for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Employer and employee contributions to the defined contribution plan were \$5,001,089 (\$4,974,265 in 2024) and \$3,466,483 (\$3,445,231 in 2024) respectively for the year ended March 31, 2025.

7. Other employee future benefits

The University's recorded employee future benefits obligation, other than pension, is comprised of amounts accrued for non-funded post-retirement benefits for certain employees and future benefits earned by the President of the University under his employment contract as well as senior administration under their employment contracts.

The University recorded a re-measurement loss of \$163,500 (loss of \$1,158,200 in 2024) in the statement of changes in fund balances.

8. Development program (Schedule 5)

A program has been established to accumulate gifts arising from the University's development program. The purpose of the development program is to enrich endowment funds and provide funds for university projects.

9. Bank loans

The University has an operating line of credit with the Bank of Nova Scotia for \$15,000,000 with interest payable at the bank's prime rate. The amount drawn on the operating line of credit as of March 31, 2025, was nil (nil in 2024).

The University also has a capital line of credit with the Bank of Nova Scotia for \$20,000,000 to be used for interim financing for the Xaverian Commons project. The capital line of credit has interest payable at the bank's prime rate. The amount drawn on capital short term loan facilities as of March 31, 2025, was nil (nil in 2024).

10. Long-term debt

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Bank of Montreal 25 year SWAP - 3.87%, average monthly repayments of \$97,164, due October 3, 2039 (O'Regan and Riley)	21,325,138	22,491,107
Bank of Montreal 25 year SWAP - 6.43%, average monthly repayments of \$79,030, due September 2, 2031 (Governors Hall Construction)	7,576,309	8,524,668
Bank of Nova Scotia 15 year SWAP - 3.49%, average monthly repayments of \$39,662, due November 24, 2032 (Academic Renovations)	4,250,713	4,766,642
Manulife 18.5 year loan - 4.77%, average monthly repayments of \$48,332, due August 1, 2034 (ESCO Project)	8,978,366	9,558,353
Bank of Nova Scotia 15 year SWAP - 2.59%, average monthly repayments of \$55,379, due January 2, 2032 (Mount St. Bernard & nursing Department)	5,037,761	5,702,311
Bank of Montreal 15 year SWAP - 5.16%, average monthly repayments of \$119,658, due December 1, 2032 (Refinanced Residence Mortgages)	13,024,524	14,388,418
Bank of Nova Scotia 15 year SWAP - 3.54%, average monthly repayments of \$79,832, due February 9, 2033 (Unfunded projects)	9 905 476	0 021 149
(omanded projects)	8,895,476 69,088,287	9,931,148 75,362,647
Less: current portion	6,433,122	6,274,361
	62,655,165	69,088,286

The minimum principal repayments of long-term debt for the next five fiscal years ending March 31 are as follows:

	\$_
2026	6,433,122
2027	6,720,773
2028	7,021,340
2029	7,337,770
2030	7,668,222
	35,181,227

The University holds three interest rate swaps with the Bank of Montreal and three interest rate swaps with the Bank of Nova Scotia to which hedge accounting is applied. The swaps are used to hedge the University's exposure to interest rate risk related to long-term debt bearing interest at the prevailing Canadian Overnight Repo Rate Average ("CORRA") plus the applicable credit spread. Under the swaps, the University receives interest at the prevailing CORRA and pays interest at a fixed rate. The interest payable ranges from 2.82% to 5.38% for Bank of

Montreal loans and 1.84% to 2.79% for the Bank of Nova Scotia Loans. The swaps provide for the net settlement of interest received and paid.

11. Deferred revenue - restricted

Restricted deferred revenue represents the donations, grants and revenues received for specified purposes. The changes in the deferred revenue restricted balance are as follows:

	2025 \$	Change \$	2024 \$_
Endowment fund	10,060,487	899,602	9,160,885
Restricted fund - research	5,593,120	(124,558)	5,717,678
Restricted fund - other	21,639,748	(1,043,621)	22,683,369
	37,293,355	(268,577)	37,561,932

Deferred revenue - capital fund

Restricted deferred revenue represents the unamortized amount of donations, grants and revenues received for the purchase of tangible capital assets. The changes in the deferred revenue restricted balance are as follows:

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Deferred revenue - capital fund balance, beginning of year	181,028,536	164,516,559
Additions from Donations Restricted fund Government Other	5,954,639 648,618 1,613,003	10,430,487 829,955 11,068,489 418,999
Recognition of deferred revenue Deferred revenue - capital fund balance, end of year	8,216,260 (7,354,545) 181,890,251	22,747,930 (6,235,953) 181,028,536

12. Financial instruments

Financial risk refers to the impact on the University's cash flows due to fluctuations in interest rates, debt and equity markets, and the credit quality of student receivables. The University manages its financial risks as follows:

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of the University's financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. The University is subject to market risk with respect to its investments. The University manages this risk by investing in diversified pooled funds and by utilizing various third-party investment managers.

12. Financial instruments (continued)

Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates. The University is exposed to interest rate risk on its floating interest rate financial instruments. Interest rate risk is minimized as the University uses interest rate swaps to fix interest rates on its long-term debt, with the exception of the Manulife loan.

Credit risk

To reduce credit risk with student accounts, the University places restrictions on the issuance of grades and degrees until payment on account is made. The University also uses third party agencies to collect outstanding receivables. A provision for doubtful student accounts has been recorded, see Note 3.

Liquidity risk

The University's objective is to have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The University monitors its cash balances and cash flows generated from operations to meet its requirements. The University maintains short-term credit facilities with major financial institutions that are designed to ensure sufficient funds are available to meet current and forecasted requirements in a timely and cost-effective manner.

A new two-year bilateral agreement was signed with the Province of Nova Scotia's Department of Advanced Education that covers fiscal 2025-26 and 2026-27. It states that a portion of the funding to be given to the University is contingent on conditions being met as set out in the agreement.

13. Capital management

The University's objective in managing its capital is to safeguard its ability to continue to attract students to a residential primarily undergraduate university experience. The University's capital consists of its fund equities and its long-term debt. Changes to the University's capital structure would require additional funding through contributions or through incurring debt.

Fund equities Long-term debt

2025	2024
\$	\$
217,976,587	193,027,736
69,088,287	75,362,647
287,064,874	268,390,383

The University must comply with externally imposed covenants on its long-term debt and bank loans. The University was in compliance with its covenants relating to the BMO loans for the period ended March 31, 2025.

Restricted net assets must be used for the purpose designated by the contributor. Pay-outs to the University from the endowment fund equities is restricted to 4% of the three-year rolling average of the market value as at December 31 of the previous three years.

14. Change in non-cash working capital

Accounts receivable
Inventories and other assets
Accounts payable and accruals
Deferred revenue

2025	2024
\$	\$
(676,782)	3,641,338
(125,243)	(420,226)
(7,911,679)	2,585,073
448,394	(35,107)
(8,265,310)	5,771,078

15. Specific events

During 2022-23, the University recognized insurance claims for damage to its capital infrastructure resulting from a series of unusual events, including natural weather events such as Hurricane Fiona, the 2023 Polar Vortex, equipment failure, and human error. The damages incurred were covered under the University's insurance policies, and insurance claims were filed to recover the costs associated with repair and restoration. All insurance claims have been finalized as of March 31, 2025, however some minor work remains to be completed, and outstanding payments and recoveries have been accrued. The associated revenues and expenses are shown in schedule 1 (Cost recoveries) and schedule 2 (specific events – repairs).

16. Comparative figures

The comparative figures have been reclassified where appropriate to conform with current year presentation.

Instruction and non-sponsored research (\$58,564,831), Student Services (\$14,040,346), and Other (\$6,744,383) presented in the 2023-24 statement of operations are now presented as Instruction and non-sponsored research (\$59,428,686), Student Services (\$14,888,768), and Other (\$5,032,106) following the revised presentation of restricted fund expenses by area.

	Schedules	2025	2024
	and Notes	\$	\$
Tuition and fees			
Full-time tuition		38,121,844	37,073,700
Tuition bursary		3,052,767	3,059,039
Part-time tuition		4,992,299	5,182,647
Summer school tuition		3,433,002	3,390,676
Continuing education/training and development		298,907	64,737
Information and technology fee		2,213,055	2,121,241
Recreational fee		263,446	, 257,609
Facilities renewal fee		1,072,077	1,028,961
Other		1,048,808	1,054,700
		54,496,205	53,233,310
		0 1, 10 0, 200	00,200,020
Government grants			
Provincial - operating		36,412,339	35,704,127
Provincial - nursing		4,048,200	3,807,600
Federal - indirect research		1,023,007	890,570
Todardi midilocci rosodi cir		41,483,546	40,402,297
		T1,703,370	70,702,237
Endowment and other			
Scholarship and bursary funding		4,665,522	4,091,429
Special purpose endowments		1,017,139	441,860
Chairs of study		1,011,252	816,929
Mulroney Institute		238,941	163,647
McKenna Centre		95,638	92,901
Athletic Donations, gate and endowments		-	1,008,336
Comprehensive funding campaign		1,161,851	
Advancement endowment funding		806,408	604,719
Other		1,715,000	1,452,000
Interest Revenue		1,346,300	1,009,560
Cost recoveries	15	2,750,771	3,624,950
Targeted Government Grants	15	402.624	1,960,067
-		402,621	228,000
Annual Giving Fund - unrestricted	Schedule 5	3,275,862	65,742
		18,487,305	15,560,140
Coady Institute	0-1112	0.244.222	7 476 242
Coady Institute	Schedule 3	8,341,200	7,476,343
Ancillary enterprises Total revenue	Schedule 4	29,425,531	28,005,875
i otai i evellue		152,233,787	144,677,965

	Schedules and Notes	2025 \$	2024 \$
Instruction and non-sponsored research		·	
Salaries			07 504 700
Instruction and research		39,802,476	37,531,783
Support and other		7,679,636	8,645,904
Fringe benefits		7,266,631	7,323,782
Post retirement expense (recovery)		94,000	(46,000)
Outside services		333,198	263,507
Operational supplies Travel		2,701,489	3,045,313
		1,015,967	983,613
Chairs of studies		1,186,551	816,929
		60,079,948	58,564,831
Information technology services			
Salaries		2,467,348	2,310,581
Fringe benefits		504,842	469,672
Operational supplies		988,698	1,008,552
Service of equipment		815,879	815,999
Technology projects & allocations		234,215	321,692
Travel		4,627	2,319
		5,015,608	4,928,815
Library			
Salaries		1,544,323	1,371,717
Fringe benefits		280,750	266,535
Library acquisitions		1,417,365	1,359,788
Operational supplies		23,555	25,126
Travel		7,096	2,732
		3,273,089	3,025,898
Student services			
Salaries		4,578,051	4,081,368
Fringe benefits		868,141	789,689
Operational supplies		1,512,147	1,547,126
Scholarships, bursaries and prizes		7,538,488	6,300,681
Travel		910,797	1,321,482
		15,407,624	14,040,346

	and Notes	\$	\$
Advancement			
Advancement Salaries		2 526 055	2 261 971
Fringe benefits		2,536,955 501,457	2,261,871 456,989
Operational supplies		995,249	1,115,989
Travel		124,050	135,226
Traver	•	4,157,711	3,970,075
	•	1,157,711	3,370,073
Administration and general			
Salaries		3,222,318	3,245,457
Fringe benefits		622,613	652,546
Operational supplies		583,421	453,604
Institutional dues, legal, audit and other		802,901	795,766
Travel		58,167	74,899
		5,289,420	5,222,272
Facilities management			
Salaries		4,513,160	4,355,502
Fringe benefits		931,286	919,253
Operational supplies		1,624,627	1,846,892
Repairs & maintenance		1,383,445	1,358,174
Utilities		2,855,389	3,195,587
		11,307,907	11,675,408
Other			
Interest, bank fees & foreign exchange loss		1,366,398	1,342,105
Specific events - repairs	15	150,978	1,844,335
Insurance		539,860	469,739
Digital projects		168,710	798,981
Other		406,733	433,143
		2,632,679	4,888,303
	'		
Coady Institute	Schedule 3	8,495,325	7,471,968
Ancillary enterprises	Schedule 4	27,084,590	26,840,881
Total expenditure	Í	142,743,900	140,628,797

St. Francis Xavier University Coady Institute

Schedule 3 - Statement of revenue and expenditure

Year ended March 31, 2025

	2025 \$	2024 \$
	· ·	Ψ_
Revenue		
Project and program	6,877,627	5,772,334
Tuition	116,169	194,172
Endowments and annual giving	1,347,404	1,509,837
	8,341,200	7,476,343
Expenditure		
Salaries	3,393,083	3,167,929
Fringe benefits	588,907	560,408
Outside services	572,112	453,087
Operational supplies	449,386	562,541
Project disbursements	2,549,240	1,757,790
Travel	551,907	672,871
Room and board	294,417	191,825
Facilities and services	96,273	105,517
	8,495,325	7,471,968
(Deficit) surplus	(154,125)	4,375

St. Francis Xavier University Ancillary enterprises

Schedule 4 - Statement of revenue and expenditure

Year ended March 31, 2025

	2025	2024
	\$	\$
Revenue		
Residence fees		
Students	19,267,059	18,501,211
Others	4,007,153	3,557,647
Bookstore sales	1,866,086	1,903,738
Other ancillary services	4,285,233	4,043,279
	29,425,531	28,005,875
Expenditure		
Food service expenses	9,493,581	9,778,115
Facilities management expenses	8,749,171	8,789,276
Administrative expenses	2,721,117	2,356,280
Bookstore expenses	2,024,596	2,037,829
Other ancillary services	1,920,142	1,522,351
Interest on ancillary debt	2,175,983	2,357,030
·	27,084,590	26,840,881
Surplus	2,340,941	1,164,994

St. Francis Xavier University

Development program (Note 8)

Schedule 5 - Statement of fund receipts and disposition Year ended March 31, 2025

	2025 \$	2024 \$
Donations	17,572,458	28,403,437
Allocated to		
Purchase of tangible capital assets - Capital Fund		
Amelia Saputo Centre for Healthy Living	1,979,625	4,977,287
Centre for Innovation in Health	3,007,067	4,500,550
Mulroney Hall	967,297	950,474
Other	650	2,176
	5,954,639	10,430,487
Endowment Fund - Investments	3,729,914	9,377,645
Unendowed Funds	(487,573)	(10,208)
Repayment of StFX Students' Union Investments held in trust	378,058	
Annual Giving - Unrestricted Revenue	3,275,862	65,742
Specific operating accounts	4,721,558	8,539,771
	17.572.458	28.403.437